Online Payments: Attack and Defense

Or, how to stay safe while accepting credit cards as an online merchant

Overview

- Credit Cards
- Attacks/Threats
 - Motivation and Methods
 - Defense
- Balancing Risk

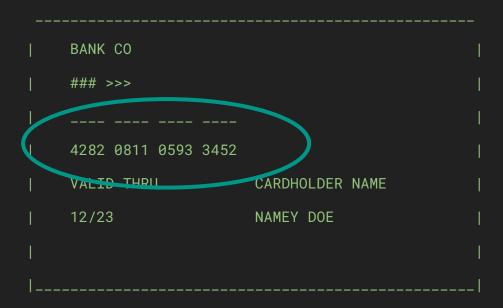
Why Credit (and Debit) Cards?



[1] https://capitaloneshopping.com/research/most-popular-online-payment-methods/

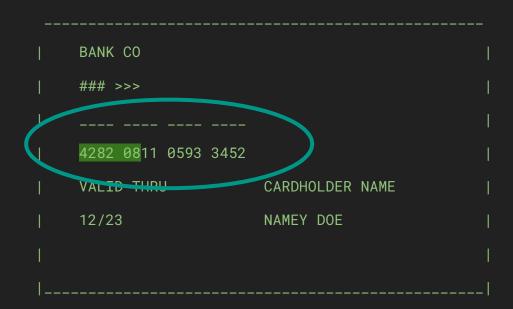
1	BANK CO	
1	### >>>	
I		
1	4282 0811 0593 3452	
1	VALID THRU	CARDHOLDER NAME
1	12/23	NAMEY DOE
1		

Primary Account Number (PAN)



Primary Account Number (PAN):

• Bank ID Number (BIN)



Primary Account Number (PAN):

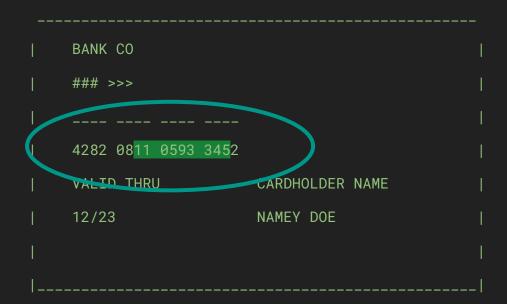
• Bank ID Number (BIN)

```
curl -H "Accept-Version: 3" "https://lookup.binlist.net/45717360"
  "number": {
   "length": 16,
   "luhn": true
  "scheme": "visa",
  "type": "debit",
  "brand": "Visa/Dankort",
  "prepaid": false,
  "country": {
    "numeric": "208",
    "alpha2": "DK",
    "name": "Denmark",
    "emoji": "##",
    "currency": "DKK",
    "latitude": 56,
    "longitude": 10
  "bank": {
    "name": "Jyske Bank",
    "url": "www.jyskebank.dk",
    "phone": "+4589893300",
    "city": "Hjørring"
```

```
BANK CO
### >>>
4282 0811 0593 3452
VALID THRU
                     CARDHOLDER NAME
12/23
                     NAMEY DOE
```

Primary Account Number (PAN):

- Bank ID Number (BIN)
- Account Identifier

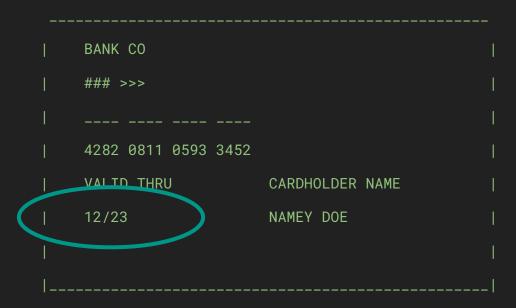


Primary Account Number (PAN):

- Bank ID Number (BIN)
- Account Identifier
- Check Digit



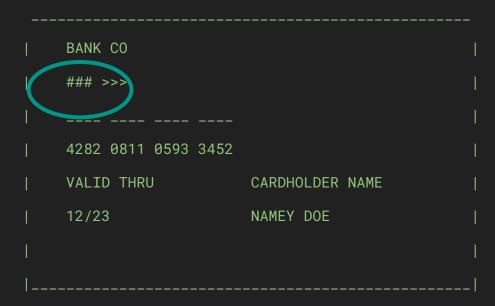
• Expiration date



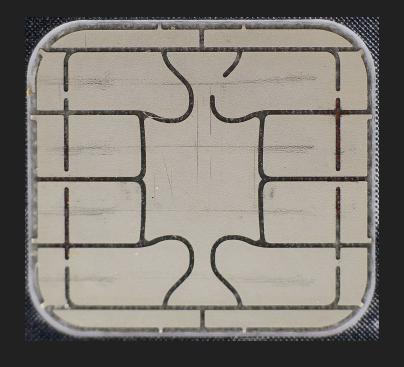
• Cardholder name

```
BANK CO
### >>>
4282 0811 0593 3452
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```

• EMV Chip



• EMV Chip





• EMV Chip + NFC

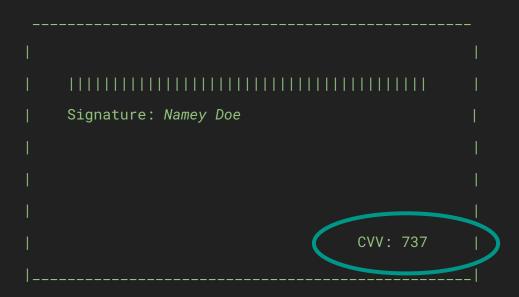




Back of Card

l		Ш	Ш
l	Signature: Namey Doe		
l			
l			
l			
		CVV:	737

Back of Card



Cardholder not physically present at the time of transaction.

- Mail order
- Telephone
- Fax

Cardholder not physically present at the time of transaction.

- Mail order
- Telephone
- Fax
- The internet

- No EMV, no magstripe
- What's required?

+ Payment +	Information	+ Form
. Card Numbar:		
Billing Address: Street: City: State/Province: ZIP/Postal Code: Country:		
T	 Submit]	

+ Paym +	+ ent Information Form
Cardholder Name Card Number: Expiry Date (MM)	4282 0811 0593 3452 V): /
Billing Address: Street: _ City: _ State/Province: _ ZIP/Postal Code: Country:	
 	[Submit]

Validation available from the issuer

- CVV2 / CVS
- Address (full or partial) / AVS
- Cardholder Name / ANI
- 3-D Secure (surprise sometimes required)

We'll come back to these in detail.

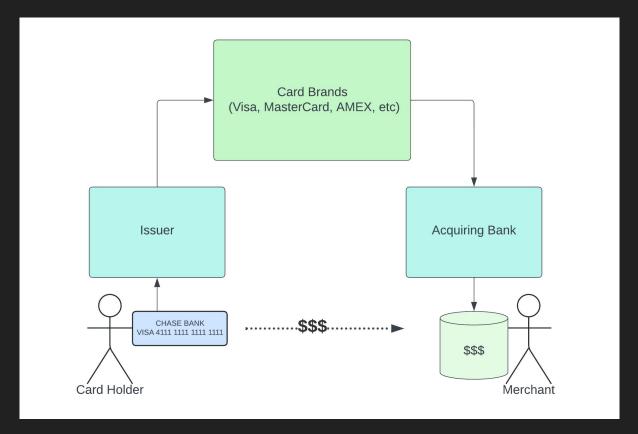
What's a Merchant

"... any entity that accepts payment cards bearing the logos of any PCI SSC Participating Payment Brand as payment for goods and/or services." (PCI-DSS)

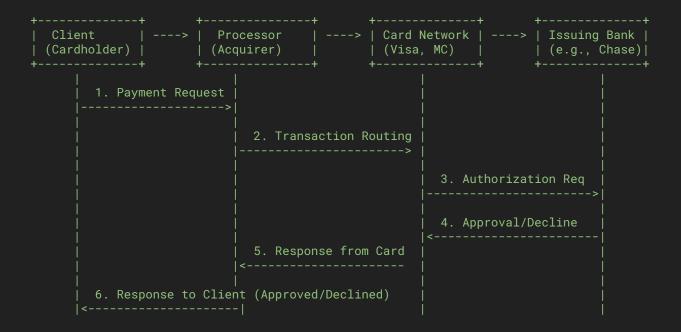
or...

You have customers that are paying you for goods or services (with credit cards).

Card Holder -> Merchant



Card Network



Threats

Threats

- 1. Data Thieves
 - a. Compromise your system to steal card details
- Card Testers
 - a. Use your system to verify/attest card details
- 3. Fraudsters
 - Use your system to extract value through goods, services or monetary value with stolen card details.

Not covered: ATO, friendly fraud, phishing

Threat #1: Data Thieves

- Skimming intercept card details without being noticed.
- Find card data at rest
 - Logs, database
 - Plaintext, encrypted, hashed



Value

- Sell the card data to other criminals
- Or, use the card data for fraud themselves

2018 British Airways hack

 380,000 cardholder details compromised including address and CVV^[1]

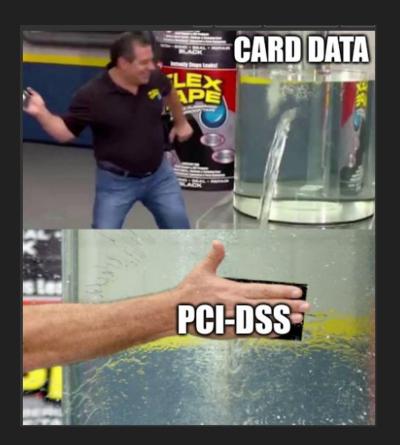


2018 British Airways hack

- Skimming intercepted card details on the front-end with malicious javascript^[1]
- Data at rest found 95 days worth of card details in unencrypted logs^[1]

Detection and Mitigation

Payment Card Industry
 Data Security Standard
 (PCI-DSS)



PCI-DSS

- Protect Cardholder Data at rest and in transit
- Maintain a Secure Network
- Implement Strong Access Controls and Monitoring
- Also fines

```
Unencrypted HTTP POST
Client
                                              http://example.com
(Browser)
        POST /checkout.php HTTP/1.1
            "card": "411111111111111",
            "expiry_date": "12/26",
            "cvv": "123",
            "amount": 50.00,
            "currency": "USD",
            "billing_address": {
              "street": "123 Main St",
              "city": "Anytown",
              "state": "CA",
              "zip": "90210",
              "country": "US"
```

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              "country": "US"
```

```
Tokenization Request
                                            Payment Provider
Client
                (Stripe, Adyen, etc.)
                                            (Tokenization API)
(Browser)
       POST /tokenize HTTP/1.1
         Body (Plaintext JSON):
           "card": "4111111111111111",
           "expiry_date": "12/26",
           "cvv": "123"
                Token Received
Client
                                    Payment Provider
(Browser)
                                    (Tokenization API)
       HTTP/1.1 200 OK
           "token": "tok_abc123xyz"
```

```
Secure Payment Request
Client
                                            https://example.com
(Browser)
       POST /checkout HTTP/1.1
            "token": "tok_abc123xyz",
            "amount": 50.00,
            "currency": "USD",
            "billing_address": {
              "street": "123 Main St",
              "city": "Anytown",
              "state": "CA",
              "zip": "90210",
              "country": "US"
```

Mind the front-end

- Keeping data away from the backend isn't enough
- PCI DSS v4.0 has lots of guidance on front-end (iframe, subresource integrity, monitor changes)



Storing Card Data

• Simply Do Not

Threat #2: Card Testers

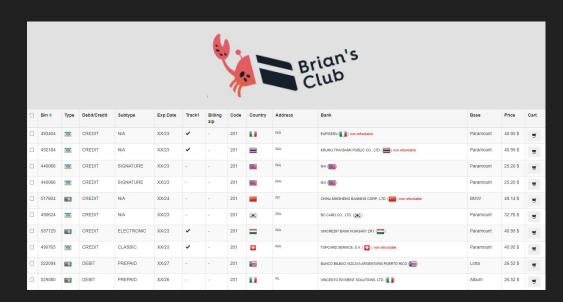
- Use you as a way to test out unverified card data
 - Purchased cheaply on illegal marketplaces
- Use you to guess card numbers from partial data
 - Partial data from other breaches, or BIN stuffing



Value

- Sell the now cleaned, verified card data
- Or, use the card data themselves for fraud

- Stolen card details are bought and sold regularly at online marketplaces.
- Data quality is major factor in price.



https://webz.io/dwp/the-top-5-deep-and-dark-web-credit-card-sites/

Detection

- Auth rates / conversion
- Anomalous traffic sources and patterns
- Low value transactions
- Chargebacks (late and expensive)



Mitigation

- Low-hanging fruit: bot protection + rate limiting
- Reduce volume by driving up cost for attackers



Mitigation

- Bot protection and rate limiting
- Use data provided by issuer
 - o CVV
 - o AVS
 - ANI (rare)
- 3DS

- CVV
 - Don't ever store this

Code	Description
М	Match
N	No Match
Р	Not Processed
S	Merchant has indicated that CVV2 is not present on card
U	Issuer is not certified and/or has not provided encryption key
I	Invalid or no response

• AVS (address)

Code	Description
Υ	Full Match
А	Partial Match (street address only)
Z	Partial Match (postal/zip only)
N	Non-Match
U	Unable to Verify
R	Indeterminate Outcome (Retry)

3DS (3D Secure)

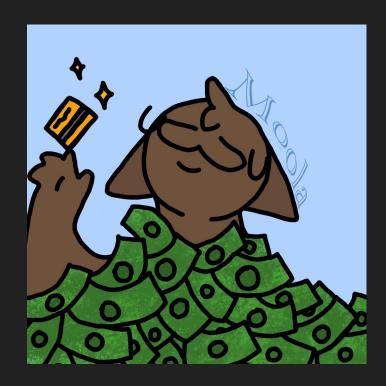
- Not entirely up to merchant
 - You can request exemption
 - You can request mandatory
- Used much more widely outside of the US

+
Bank Logo]
3D Secure Verification
Enter the OTP sent to your mobile:
 Submit]

- Don't be a cheap oracle!e.g "The CVV is incorrect"
- Other step-ups, trade-offs

Threat #3: Fraudsters

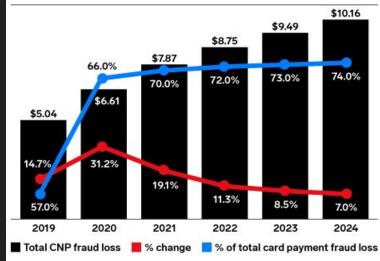
- Use stolen card details to purchase goods or services.
- Or, more directly extract money through self-payment.



Billions of dollars
 lost annually to
 Card-Not-Present fraud
 in the US alone

US Total Card-Not-Present (CNP) Fraud Loss, 2019-2024

billions, % change, and % of total card payment fraud loss



Note: includes losses incurred by the merchant, consumer, and issuer for fraudulent remote payment transactions occurring via credit, debit, and prepaid cards; CNP transactions include internet, telephone, and mail-order transactions. Source: Insider Intelligence. Sep 2022

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InsiderIntelligence.com

Detection

- Anomalous patterns, maybe
- Auth rates and conversion hits, maybe
- Chargebacks : '(



Mitigation

- CVV, AVS, 3DS
- Address matching
- In-house rules, tools from vendors



Balancing Risk

The merchant has to balance deterring bad actors, with the risk of turning away good customers.

The ideal system would block 100% of bad traffic and convert 100% of good customers. This does not exist.





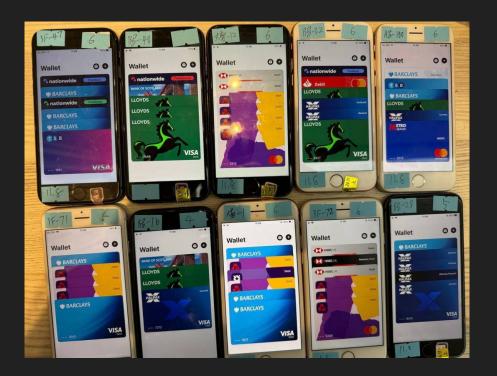
Balancing Risk

- No silver bullets
- Pull in different signals
- Make good decisions



Bonus: Smishing and Next-Gen carding

 Trick victims into enrolling cards into attackers wallets



The End

- More secure methods available, but imperfect, and adoption is slow.
- Risk is almost entirely on the merchant.
- Be smart about protecting cardholder data, and avoid storing it whenever possible. Understand PCI beyond the checkboxes.
- Understand the value you provide attackers.
- Don't be an easy or cheap target.

Q&A / Discussion

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on the internet & world wide web





vincentsloan.com

hello@vincentsloan.com



Software | Payments | Security | Jiujitsu *not a designer

